
TOPIC- GRASSROOTS OF DEMOCRACY-GOVERNANCE PART 1

Multiple Choice Questions (1 mark × 2 = 2 marks)

1. Which of the following is not an organ of the government?
a) Legislature b) Executive c) Judiciary d) Military
2. Who makes laws in India?
a) Judiciary b) Executive c) Legislature d) Citizens

B. Very Short Answer Questions (1 mark × 2 = 2 marks)

1. Who is an MLA?
2. Name the three levels of government.

C. Short Answer Questions (2 marks × 2 = 4 marks)

1. Why is democracy important? Give two reasons.
2. Write two differences between an MP and an MLA.

D. Short Answer Questions (3 marks × 2 = 6 marks)

1. Explain the role of the legislature in making laws.
2. Briefly describe the three organs of the government.

E. Case Study Questions (3 marks + 3 marks = 6 marks)

Case Study 1:

Ravi lives in a village. He has problems with drinking water supply. He went to the Panchayat office to complain. The Panchayat head called a meeting and decided to use funds for repairing the water tank.

- (a) Which level of government does this Panchayat belong to? (1m)
- (b) How did the Panchayat solve Ravi's problem? (1m)
- (c) Why is local government important in democracy? (1m)

Case Study 2:

A new law was passed in Parliament about banning child labour. The law was first discussed in the Lok Sabha, then in the Rajya Sabha, and later signed by the President.

(a) Which organ of government is responsible for making laws? (1m)

(b) Which two Houses of Parliament discussed the law? (1m)

(c) Why are laws important for citizens? (1m)